

**CODE**  
**OF**  
**FEDERAL REGULATIONS**  
**OF THE**  
**UNITED STATES**  
**OF AMERICA**

**1939 SUPPLEMENT**  
**TITLES 1-25**

1939

must be submitted to State. No passport shall be valid for use in the United States to Europe unless it is submitted to the Department of State for

clusive, issued under the in sec. 1, 44 Stat. 887; E.O. 7856, Mar. 31, 1938;

32.1 to 32.8, inclusive, is 811, Secretary of State, 3892.

Statutory evidence concerning proposed travel—commercial purposes. Department of State will report heretofore issued in Europe, it will be the person to whom the passport is issued to submit documentary evidence concerning the intended travel. A passport for travel in Europe for commercial purposes must support the validity of the issue of a passport in the name of the firm of which he intends to travel. Such letter must state the name of the European firm the applicant expects to visit on his visits thereto, whether or not the applicant is an employee of the firm, how long he has been in its employ, whether he is going to Europe on a salary basis, and should be specifically addressed to the head of the concern for whom he is going to Europe, he must be recommended by a letter from the head of the concern who has had direct knowledge of the applicant's business and necessity of his proposed travel in Europe.

For other than commercial purposes, an applicant who is going to Europe for any purpose other than commercial purposes must satisfy the Department of State that it is imperative that

For citation, see note to § 24.27.  
For citation, see note to § 24.1.

he go, and he must submit satisfactory documentary evidence substantiating his statement concerning the imperative necessity of his proposed trip.\*†

§ 32.3 *False and misleading statements.* In view of the exigencies of the present situation and the consequent necessity of exercising the greatest care in the validation of passports or the issue of new passports, the Department of State will be obliged to hold applicants and firms responsible for any false or misleading statements made by them in connection with applications for passports, and any such false or misleading statements would be in violation of section 220 of Title 22 of the United States Code, which reads as follows:

Whoever shall willfully and knowingly make any false statement in an application for passport with intent to induce or secure the issuance of a passport under the authority of the United States, either for his own use or the use of another, contrary to the laws regulating the issuance of passports or the rules prescribed pursuant to such laws, or whoever shall willfully and knowingly use or attempt to use, or furnish to another for use, any passport the issue of which was secured in any way by reason of any false statement, shall be fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned not more than five years or both.

\*†

§ 32.4 *Women and children.* Women and children will not be included in passports issued to their husbands or fathers unless the urgent and imperative necessity of accompanying them is conclusively established.\*†

§ 32.5 *Travel in opposing belligerent countries.* Passports will not, as a rule, be validated or issued for travel in opposing belligerent countries.\*†

§ 32.6 *Protection of the United States—(a) Failure to submit passport to Department of State for validation.* Should a person now having a valid passport proceed to any European country without first having submitted his passport to the Department of State for validation, the protection of the United States may be withheld from him while he is abroad.

(b) *Violation of the conditions or restrictions contained in passport.* Should

a person to whom a passport has been issued use it in violation of the conditions or restrictions contained therein, the protection of the United States may likewise be withheld from him while he is abroad and he will be liable for prosecution under the provisions of section 221 of Title 22 of the United States Code, which reads in part as follows:

\* \* \* whoever shall willfully and knowingly use or attempt to use any passport in violation of the conditions or restrictions therein contained, or of the rules prescribed pursuant to the laws regulating the issuance of passports, which said rules shall be printed on the passport; \* \* \* shall be fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

\*†

§ 32.7 *Validity restricted to period necessary to accomplish purpose.* Hereafter when a passport is validated for or issued for use in Europe, its validity shall be restricted to the period necessary to accomplish the purpose of the intended visit to Europe but in no case beyond a period of 6 months.\*†

§ 32.8 *Passports in possession of persons now residing abroad.* Passports in possession of persons now residing abroad shall in due course be submitted to American consular officers for appropriate endorsement under special instructions to be sent to such officers at a later date.\*†

#### PART 40—SOLICITATION AND COLLECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR USE IN FRANCE; GERMANY; POLAND; AND THE UNITED KINGDOM, INDIA, AUSTRALIA, CANADA, NEW ZEALAND, AND THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

NOTE: This part has been redesignated as Part 161.

#### PART 41—SPAIN; SOLICITING AND RECEIVING CONTRIBUTIONS [REVOKED]

NOTE: This part ceased to be effective upon the issuance of Proclamation 2327, April 1, 1939, according to an announcement of the Secretary of State, Apr. 1, 1939; 4 F.R. 1414. For full text of Proclamation 2327, see Title 3 of this Supplement.

\*†For statutory and source citations, see note to § 32.1.